Tackling the Opioid Epidemic in the Chickasaw Nation

Moderator: Tom Anderson

January 25, 2018





Define Your Direction: Tackling the Opioid Epidemic in the Chickasaw Nation

Miranda Willis
Public Health Accreditation Coordinator
Chickasaw Nation Division of Research and Population Health















Outline

- Chickasaw Nation Overview
- The Opioid Epidemic
- Define Your Direction
 - Naloxone: Addressing the Opioid Overdose Deaths
 - Lockboxes and Drop Boxes: Limiting Community Access
 - Media Campaign: Raising Awareness and Promoting Prevention
 - Prosocial Activities: Building Community Capacity
- Outcomes
- Lessons Learned















American Indians in Oklahoma Indian Removal Act 1830







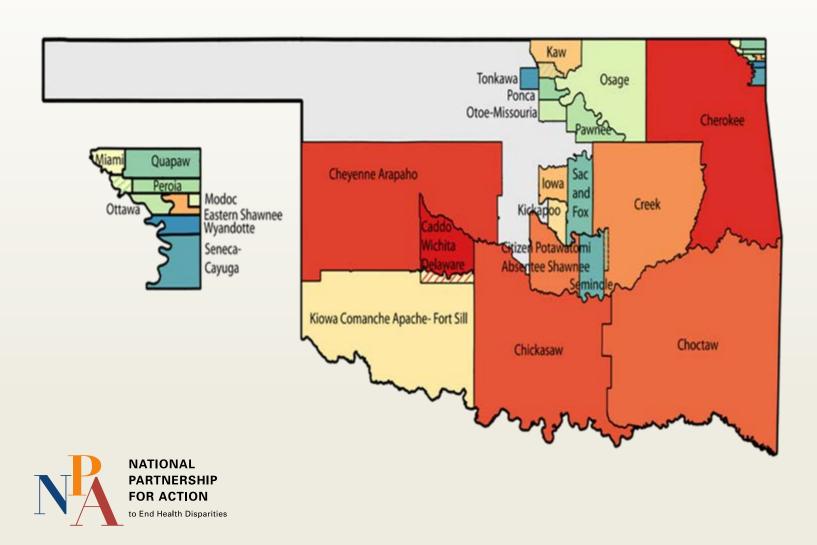








American Indians in Oklahoma Territorial Jurisdictions







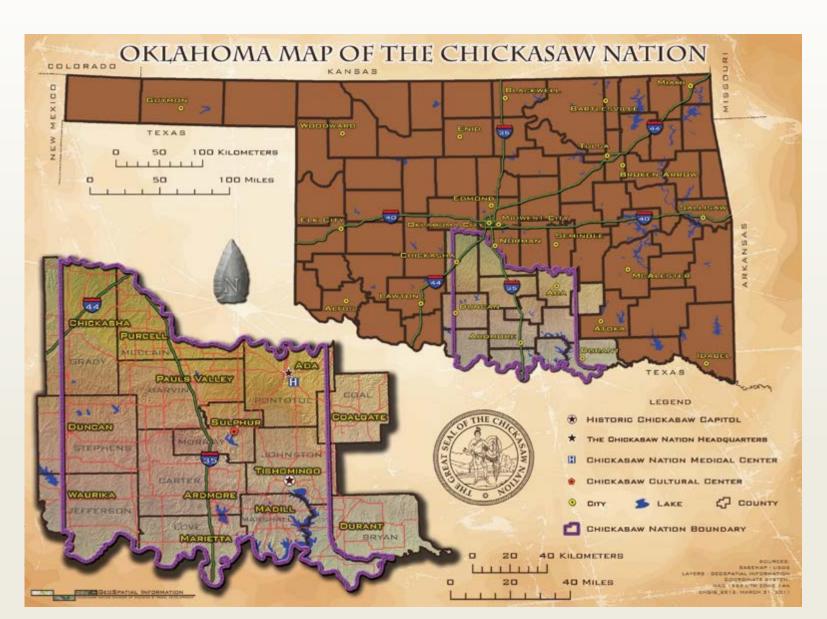








The Chickasaw Nation















The Chickasaw Nation

- 13 counties located in south-central Oklahoma
- Non-reservation based
- Population: 357,351
- American Indians: 52,288

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates





The Epidemic

- In 2014, Oklahoma had the 10th highest drug overdose death rate in the nation₁
- From 2007 to 2015, 5,946 Oklahomans died from unintentional poisoning deaths₂
- Three out of every four unintentional poisoning deaths involve at least one prescription drug₃

Sources:

- 1. Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH). (2016). Reducing Prescription Drug Abuse in Oklahoma: A Review of Progress and Updated State Plan.
- 2. Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH). Center for Health Statistics, Health Care Information, Vital Statistics 2007 to 2015. (OK2SHARE).
- 3. Oklahoma State Department of Health: Injury Prevention Service. (2015, April). Unintentional Poisonings.







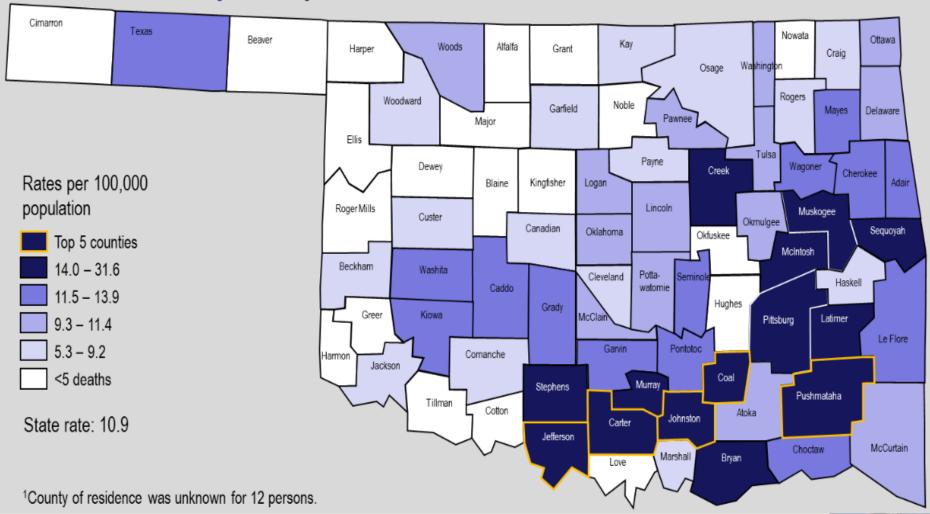






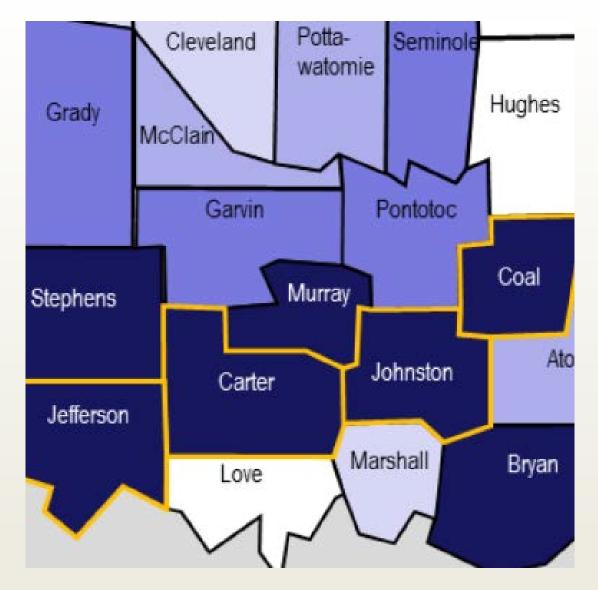


Unintentional Prescription Opioid Overdose Death Rates by County of Residence, Oklahoma, 2011-2015





Source: Oklahoma State Department of Health, Injury Prevention Service, Fatal Unintentional Poisoning Surveillance System

















Rx Misuse Among Youth

Percent of American Indian Students in Chickasaw Nation
 Reporting Rx Misuse in the Past 30 Days in 2012:

• 6th Grade: 3.3 Percent

• 8th Grade: 9.5 Percent

10th Grade: 6.9 Percent

• 12th Grade: 13.3 Percent

Source: Oklahoma Needs Prevention Assessment. 2012. American Indian Students: Chickasaw Nation Boundaries.















Risk Factors

- Percent of American Indian Students in Chickasaw Nation
 Reporting Risk for Substance Abuse in All Grades in 2012:
 - Low Neighborhood Attachment: 46.4 Percent
 - Early Initiation of Drug Use: 37.7 Percent
 - Friends Drug Use: 40.4 Percent
 - High Risk: 50.7 Percent

Source: Oklahoma Needs Prevention Assessment. 2012. American Indian Students: Chickasaw Nation Boundaries.















Protective Factors

- Percent of American Indian Students in Chickasaw Nation Reporting Protective Factors for Substance Abuse in All Grades in 2012:
 - Community-Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement: 55.8 Percent
 - Family-Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement: 55.8 Percent
 - School-Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement: 48.8 Percent
 - Peer Prosocial Involvement: 55.9 Percent
 - High Protection: 48.9 Percent

Source: Oklahoma Needs Prevention Assessment. 2012. American Indian Students: Chickasaw Nation Boundaries.















Tackling the Opioid Epidemic

- Strategic Prevention Framework-Tribal Incentive Grant (SPF-TIG)
 was awarded to the Southern Plains Tribal Health Board (SPTHB)
- SPTHB collaborated with four tribal partners to combat substance abuse in Indian Country:
 - Absentee Shawnee Tribe
 - Cheyenne and Arapaho Tribes
 - The Chickasaw Nation
 - Comanche Nation

















Strategic Prevention Framework

- Strategic Prevention Framework:
 - Assessment
 - 2. Capacity Building
 - 3. Planning
 - 4. Implementation
 - 5. Evaluation
- Goal: To reduce underage drinking and prescription drug misuse/abuse in our communities.

















Define Your Direction

Underage Drinking and Prescription Drug Abuse
 Prevention Program that uses a multi-pronged approach to reduce underage drinking, prescription drug abuse and related deaths.







Naloxone

- Equip Chickasaw Nation Lighthorse Police with the opioid antagonist medication, Naloxone and provide administration training
- Collaborations
 - Chickasaw Nation Lighthorse
 - Chickasaw Nation Pharmacy



















Safe Storage and Disposal

 Educates community members on safe methods to store prescription medications and the proper disposal protocols

















Define Your Direction

- Media Campaign
 - Website
 - Print
 - Video
 - Social Media



Youth and Community Driven

















Define Your Direction: Social Media

Website: Defineyourdirection.com

Facebook: Define Your Direction

Twitter: @_YourDirection

Instagram: Define Your Direction

YouTube: Define Your Direction















Prosocial Activities



















Allen Zombie Chase















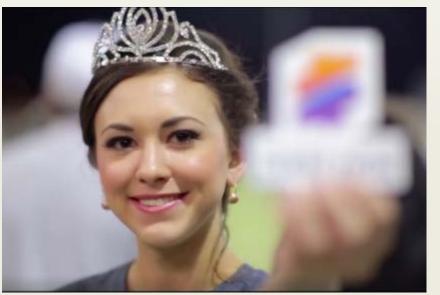




Dickson Homecoming

Allen Homecoming

























































































- All Chickasaw Nation Lighthorse officers equipped with Naloxone.
- Within the first six months of implementation we had our first save using Naloxone.
- More than 400 medication lockboxes have been distributed to our elders.
- 4,100 followers across all Define Your Direction social media platforms.















Reduction in 30 Day Rx Drug Misuse in 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th Grades:

• 6th: 12 Percent

8th: 45 Percent

10th: 16 Percent

12th: 40 Percent

Source: Oklahoma Needs Prevention Assessment. 2016. American Indian Students: Chickasaw Nation Boundaries.













- Reduction in Risk Factors in 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th
 Grades:
 - Low Neighborhood Attachment- 13Percent
 - Early Initiation of Drug Use- 19 Percent
 - Friends Drug Use- 21 Percent
 - High Risk- 14 Percent (43.6)

Source: Oklahoma Needs Prevention Assessment. 2016. American Indian Students: Chickasaw Nation Boundaries.















- Increase in Protective Factors in 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th Grades:
 - Community-Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement + 3 Percent
 - Family-Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement + 7 Percent
 - School-Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement: + 24 Percent
 - Peer Prosocial Involvement + 4 Percent
 - High Protection + 17 Percent (57.1)

Source: Oklahoma Needs Prevention Assessment. 2016. American Indian Students: Chickasaw Nation Boundaries.















Lessons Learned

- All tribes and tribal communities are different.
- Listen and learn from your community.
- Don't be afraid to be innovative or collaborative.
- Learn and grow from failures.
- Change doesn't happen overnight.
- Celebrate the successes (no matter how small).















Thank You!

Miranda Willis

Miranda.Willis@chickasaw.net





Questions and Answer Session

Please complete an assessment of the webinar by clicking the link below: https://app.smartsheet.com/b/form/583dde247b3e 43348bc8aa255e46ebd2

Thank you for participating! The webinar recording will be posted at: http://aian.npa-rhec.org/home













